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PRICE THREFENCE.

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Patriotism.

The cemetaries of France are full of war monuments. Weeping angels, drooping figures of soldiers leaning on their guns, etc. They are MADE IN GER-MANY. BECAUSE OF CHEAPNESS!

Permanent Unemployment.

Mr. Tom Shaw, the Labour Minister, has moved his new Unemployment Insurance Bill in the House of Commons. The arresting feature of the Bill was provided by the Unemployment estimates on Continue the Motion. which it was based. The Socialist prophecy is as follows: 1,100,000 unemployed until the end of this year.

After that, and until the end of 1926, there will be 1,000,000 persons looking for jobs and until to find them. At the end of 1926 "normality" will be reached, and there will then be a PERMANENT POPULATION of 800,000 out-of-works.

A cheerful outlook indeed.

Preparing the Noose.

The Labour Party, which, under the I.L.P. and Fabian Society guidance, is all; for "control," is preparing the way for compulsory arbitration. The denial of the right to strike is, it is stated, to be incorporated in the arrangement which Mr. Wheatley has made with the building trades. It is the beginning of industrial conscription, and of the "subordina-! tion of Labour to the State" demanded by | ment on what an excellent figure. Mr. Mr. Lloyd George as Minister of Munitions. Then a strike will be sedition, He looked very well indeed. He stood on and Labour leaders or anyone supporting | the dais with the King | and Queen, I it by word or deed will be promptly think during the whole time that the clapped into gaol; as has been done in Diplomatic Corps was being presented." Australia and New Zealand and South Africa.

PUSH IT ALONG!

"The International" was going before the Pact

"The International" will be going when the Pact is forgotten.

It is a feærless exponent of working class principles, and whilst giving due space to local doings takes a world survey of

The Labour Movement.

The response to our appeals have been gratifying, but we want to

READERS! DO YOU WANT TO SPREAD THE LIGHT? THEN GET MORE SUBSCRIBERS.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

(Posted to your address):

- Per Annum 10/-

, Half-year

2/6 Quarter

An Excellent Figure.

We learn that: "There was much com-Ramsay MacDonald makes in Court dress.

The unemployed will indeed be gratified.

Lip Service to Liberty.

The Labour Party badge selected by the National Executive. The "Daily Herald" says: "It expresses the simplest and most effective symbolism, consisting of a flaming torch, a quill pen and a pick crossed against a plain background, with the one word 'Liberty' for the inscription."

The Problem Solved.

The Labour Party asked the electors to vote for them as "The Labour Party has. a positive remedy for unemployment." So great is the credulity of the workers that they believed to sufficient extent to enable the Labour Party to take office and assign to themselves in Ministerial salaries about £150,000 a year. The problem of unomployment has been solved for some. Those hungering for jobs have been bedecked in uniforms designed when Ministers were the flunkers of the King. Labour leaders can swagger at Court functions rush off to be photographed for the Press with the avidity of the revue artist, and spend their time providing interviews redolent of sycophancy. When challenged to deliver the goods the Minister of Lahour protests, "We cannot produce schemes like rabbits out of a hat." Jack Rabbits in office, struit as they may and feed at the table of a King, can produce "no positive remedy for unemployment."

Love from Labour.

Says the "Daily Herald": "A formidable armoured car, intended for use in India, was inspected by high officials of the India Office in the Foreign Office quadrangle yesterday. It weighs four and a half tons empty, and carries a crew of five, in addition to two machine guns, rifles, and some thousands of rounds of ammunition."

Perhaps it will be forwarded "with love from Labour," and the badge attached "with the one word Liberty for inscription."

"I consider poetry very subordinate to moral and political science, and I certainly aspire to the latter."—Shelley.

Lenin's First Book.

In the March and April issues of the "Communist Review" (London) appear two articles by Comrade D. Ivon Jones, which will be reproduced in full in successive issues of our paper. We publish the first instalment of the article, "Lênin's First Book," in this issue. These articles were probably the last writings of our departed comrade, written in the tuberculosis sanatorium in the Crimea. They stand as a living testimony to his brilliance as a writer and research-worker, and their reproduction in 'The International' will help to keep green the memory of a devoted, able and courageous fighter in the proletarian movement in South Africa.--- Ed.

issued his first book. The title of it was Lenin. against the Social-Democrats." (The tariat in Russia were yet few in numbers) not be printed, and published legally, so ! it had to be typed and "mimeographed," acts of assassination. They told the etc., names honoured to-day by the Boland in this form several hundred copies | peasante of their oppression and placed | sheviks, who raise monuments to their action was triumphant everywhere, and liberate the country from Czardom. But generated into opportunists of the most the least protest against the existing the peasants, whom the revolutionary in- ordinary type, and even were able to sus- order was ruthlessly suppressed. telligentsia had idealised as Communists tain a legal press passed by the censor. order was ruthlessly suppressed.

This book of Lenin's, as one who read it at the time expressed it, was a veritable 'voice from the underground,' a great decisive voice, the first clear call to the proletarian revolution ever heard in Russia. All the existing copies of this iemarkable work had disappeared; it had not only gone out of print, but cut of Department of the Soviet."

Lenin's first work should be widely known among Western Communists—and and resorted to individual acts of terror. not only this, but his others mark the giant strides of the October revolution. When we read them, everything accidental falls, away from the Russian revolution, and the genius of Lenin inspires it. not as one who happened to get a train through Germany, and happened to land in time, but as the inspiring directive | sion were drawn still tighter, and force of the revolutionary advance guard seemed as if oppression were indeed ty that surprises an English reader, for from the very dawn of the workers move- eternal. This was the mood of the rement in Russia. Having read this and volutionary youth when Alexander others of his early brochures, we will not Oulianov, representing the last of the say that the secret of Lenin's power lies | heroic age of the revolutionary Narodoin the fact that he was right on Brest | voltzi, conspired against the Czar, know-Litovsk, or right an the new -economic | ing beforehand-as all the devoted par- | most opportunist phase had set in. policy; we will say that the secret of his | ticipants in these acts of terror knew--power begins thirty years back. For he, that whatever the result he would lose least of all, has not reaped where others his life. have sown. Let us look back then and Some time before his execution Alexwith the provocative title, "Who are Marx's "Capital," and when he was home these Friends of the People?"

The Peasants in the Sixties

Seven years before he wrote it, that is, in 1887, on a day in March, half a dozen young revolutionaries belonging to the movement of the "narodovoltzi" (will of the people-ites) might have been seen sallying out into the streets of Petrograd with bombs in their hands disguised in the shape of books. They were intent upon the assassination of Alexander the history of Russia. Czars. But a spy was among them. They Petrograd, having meanwhile been ex- of the German Communist Party. were all arrested on the way to the pelled from Kazan University for agita- The price has been reduced to 9d., and rendezvous, and executed a few days | tion among his fellow students. When | this number runs to 112 pages. afterwards. At their head was Alexan- he wrote "The Friends of the People." Send up at once to avoid disappointder Oulianov, then a young student, the had already formed a group of work-ment.

It is just thirty years ago since Lenin I elder brother of our Vladimir Oulianov-

suggestive of combat, "Who are these The Narcdniki knew nothing of pro-Priends of the People, and how they fight letarian socialism—for the town proletitle also reminds us that in those days a - and their methods of struggle were "Social-Democrat" meant a revolutionary hopelessly ineffective. In the sixties and the "narodniki," or populiste, was past. Marxist.) The work, of course, could seventies, the Russian revolutionary intelligentsia did not resort to individual Zheliabov, Khaltourn the working man. were issued in the spring of 1894, and their hopes in them. They "went to the memory; these men had passed away, and passed from hand to hand among the people," and they believed that once the the "narodniki" against whom Lenin Russian revolutionaries all over Russia. Peasantry realised the facts of the situa- wrote were what he called "populiste." For the times were dark, the Czarist relition, they would rise in their masses and They had become respectable, had deby nature, and by occupation, turned out At their head was Michaelovski, who to be just ordinary producers. In spite carried on a literary warfare against of the common ownership (but extremely Russian Marxism, and against the young individualistic use) of village land, the groups of Social-Democrats then forming germs of class division were already ap- in the big cities. lated and purely local "mutinies."

existence, until the October Revolution | After the failure of the revolutionary opened up the archives of the Russian | wave of the sixties and the seventies, the police, and a copy of it was found last Russian intelligentsia decided that the vear and issued by the "State Publishing | work of emancipation from Czardom must be done by themselves single-handed. They gave up preaching to the peasants, shooting generals and bureaucrats who had made themselves notorious for their brutality. In 1881, they succeeded in assassinating Czar Alexander the Second. But again they were bitterly disappointed, for the peasants did not rise even to this supreme act. The chains of oppres-

> on his vacation he discussed it with his brother Vladimir. Here was another power of emancipation besides the dumb power of the peasantry, and the nerveless! power of the unaided intelligentsia—the The Communist International. iron power of the industrial proletariat.

The final parting of the two brothers, one to Petrograd the other to Kazan University, symbolises the break between two distinct epochs in the revolutionary

ers and intelligentsia and had begun work among the factory hands. work was not the teaching of abstract Marxism, but formulating on behalf of the workers the most primitive demands, such as the abolition of the system of petty fines n the factories. Then, as always; Lenin saw the emancipation of the workers behind every working class protest against their condition, be it only a protest against factory fines.

But it is not this side of Lenin's work, his work as organiser of the proletarian struggle, that his first book chiefly reveals, it is his relations with these "friends of the people," as he called

them.

Relations With the "Friends" of the People.

By this time the revolutionary phase of Great names among the "narodovoltzi,"

parent among them, and, therefore, they Since the liberation of the serfs, class were unable to achieve more than iso divisions within the peasantry had become clearer and sharper, and the narcdniki while resolutely refusing to see these class divisions, had themselves, as Lenin showed, come to reflect the ideals of the richer peasant and small merchant

capitalist of the villages.

Not that the parlour narodniki did not real Karl Marx. Indeed Karl Marx was in great vogue in those days, not only among the Marxists but among both the narodniki and the advanced wing of the liberal bourgeoisie. While perverting Marx, they were compelled to use the terminology of Marxism to a large extent; they spoke of 'capitalism' and it | "the bourgeoisie," etc., with a familiarthe British bourgeoisie have been shrewd enough to refuse to accept these terms as terms representing facts but only as terms of abuse. The narodniki had even corresponded with Marx, before their

As Lenin points out in another of his books, against the "narodniki" ("Marxism reflected in bourgeois literature") the petit bourgeois everywhere have a see how Lenin came to write this book ander Oulianov had come across a copy of capacity to see the class division clearly so long as it is in another country, while they are utterly blind to it in their own country.

(To be continued.)

The current issue (No. 2) of the mouthly organ of the E.C. of the Commintern is now to hand. It contains a hitherto unpublished article by Lenin and several highly interesting and historic documents Third, one of the cruellest of Russian | Seven years later we hear of Lenin in | dealing with the growth and discussions

The German Elections.

THE LANDSLIDE COMMUNISM.

The June 'Labour Monthly' some highly interesting dealing with the Reichstag elections which took place in May.

The relative positions of Communists! and Social Democrats the equivalent to our Labour Party) in 1920 and 1924 are as follows:-

Social Communists. Democrats. 1924 ... 3,728,089 5,991,547 1920 ... 441;195 11,151,311

Increase 3.236,894 Dec. 5,159,764

The most striking successes of the Communists were in the big industrial centres, as under:—

COMMUNISTS.

	1924.	1920.
Berlin	225,194	13,949
Hamburg	112,272	2,931
East Prussia	118.168	68,450
Upper Silesia	129,731	37,118
Prussian Saxony.	184.075	10 681
Rhineland	545.461	19 000
Ruhr	267,018	17,294
•	-	

... 1,581,919 199,512 Totals

SOCIAI. DEMOCRATS.

.94		
	1924.	1920.
Berlin	238.861	644,238
Hamburg	173,887	299,811
Kast Frussia.	115,780	281.980
Upper Silesia	26,009	75.416
Prussian Saxony.	111.295	371.790
Rhineland.	323,099	952.820
Ruhr	204,513	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		

Totals ... 1,193,444 3,096,016

In the last five districts it will be remarked that the Communist vote now exceeds the Social I)emocratic vote.

All Communist candidates had to sign the following declaration:--

Parliament can and will do absolutely nothing for the working-class as for the Right Hon. George Barnes, late secretary whole of the exploited masses. Parliament A.S.E., a British War Minister and figures is not the expression of the 'will of the renegade Labour man, which lays stress people." It is nothing but a fig-leaf to on the need for the recognition of the

elections simply from the agitational point variety of the same breed would do well of view. The Communist deputies only to study. make use of Parliament in order to show THE GREAT COAL ROBBERY. that they are fundamentally opposed to bourgeois society and therefore are forced to expose "democracy" as the most subtle and refined form of the dictatorship of the bourgeoisie.

that Parliamentary action does not make of £15,791,955 on the profits of the prehistory, and that it is the working-class vious year. This sum represents a profit struggle which will decide the fate of of 9s. 51d. PER WEEK, so that it is bourgeois society. Consequently, the seen that the owners added 5s. 51d. per Communist deputies are forced to centre person per week to what they received in their activites chiefly among the wide 1922. masses of the working people and to serve

their interests only.

does not allow Communist deputies to and is praised by all orthodox Labour keep silence over any so-called 'State men for his skill in settling Labour dissecrets' which may come to their notice! as deputies, members of Government commisions, etc. The duty of the Communist original demands are denounced as exdeputy is to expose pitilessly the humbug | tremists, Communists and Bolsheviks. of these 'State secrets' and the whole' fetish of bourgeois parliamentarism...

"In accord with these principles, the undersigned declares that, both as candidate and deputy, he is simply a delegate of the German Communist Party, and not! a so-called 'freely elected representative of ' the people, responsible only to his own conscience. He declares that he will' carry out all the decisions of the Central Committee of the German Communist' Party, and that in all his actions he will ! he subject to its decisions...."

The Communist election manifesto con-

cluded with these words:--

"A Communist vote is a vote for the German Communist Party geois parliamentarism. A Communist

COALITION WITH CAPITALISM.

The Results of the Pact Policy in Germany.

Herr Stresemann, ex-Chancellor and | CRATS GAVE THEIR APPROVAL TO | had given the go-by as hopeless. now German Foreign Minister, speaking | THIS MILITARY ACTION and conseon March 30th at the Conference of the quently we had to face not a united front | path for the advance guard. People's Party (Kig Industrialists) gave a of the workers' forces but the Communthe Social Democrats, which we commend When it is remembered that the Social Government by Defeat. remarkable exposure of the true role of ists alone." quote from the "Labour Monthly."

Cabinet were that, with the approval of the workers' advance guard as Creswell since it accepted office it has suffered the Social Democrats. I managed to also did, and that no less an authority this humiliation. secure the return of the Crown Prince to | than the German ex-Chancellor asserts | Germany; that it was possible for me, that they helped him by entering the to know how many defeats the Governagain with the approval of the Social Government to divide the workers' forces ment would accept before it resigned. Democrats, to inflict a military defeat on and inflict military defeat on the Com- The farce surely cannot last much Democrats, to inflict a military defeat on and inflict military defeat on the Communists in Saxony and Thuringia, munists and to take from the workers all Labour Ministers after their abject adopthe way-for the abolition, wthout any the parallel is complete resistance, of the eight-hour day and the The Creswell Party, misnamed Labour,

THE SOCIAL- DEMOCRATS HAS ing infamy of openly supporting the The highest point in civilisation can only THEREFORE BEEN FRUITFUL. Nationalist Government against the in- be reached when the Industrial Class, on That we were to overthrow the Saxon and dustrial workers may be expected before which the existence of society depends. Thuringian Governments was simply due many moons pass over the Witwaters shall have attained to the principal posito the fact that THE SOCIAL DEMO- rand.

in the War, as our Creswellite Party did. He said: "The chief successes of the their own brand of Imperialists, that Social Democratic participation in my they have refused a united front with

-celled "conquests of the revolution." has followed closely the example of the . . MY COLLABORATION WITH German Social Democrats, and the crownCommunity of Interest.

An article appeared in one of the Rand dailies from the pen of Mr., or rather the disguise the shameless dictatorship of mutual interests of employers and employees. Here are some figures from "The Communist Party takes part in "Forward" which Barnes and the local

> The amount falling in profits to the British coal-owners in 1£10,356,160, equal to £10 for every one 1 of the 1,035,561 persons then employed.

In 1923 the share received by The Communist deputies are certain owners was £26,148,715, an INCREASE.

In the face of this, Ramsay MacDonald Persuaded the miners to accept a miser-"This fundamental Communist position able compromise from the coal masters, putes, whilst those miners, notably the South Wales men, who stuck out for their

Labour Party Tactics.

SABOTAGE OF COMMUNICION CANDIDATE.

The British Labour Party papers which farrived last week devote much space to the Kelvingrove (Glasgow) election and lits lessons It will be remembered that I the candidate was Comrade Ferguson, a leading Glasgow Communist, who entered The contest with the official endorsement of the Labour Party. On the eve of the proletarian revolution and against bour DORSEMENT WAS WITHDRAWN l election THE LABOUR PARTY EN (K.P.D.) sees in Parliament merely an vote is a vote for the Dictatorship of the into the constituency. Notwithstanding this stab in the back, Ferguson increased his pell by a thousand votes. Now the Labour Party Pross scream that the election was lost through what it calls the hotairists, and rail against the Communist Party which tackled a seat and got within an ace of winning it which official Labour

Truly the United Front is a thorny

The Labour Government in Britain seems to thrive on defeats. Seven times

Mr. Austin Chamberlain was anxious

tion of the dress and phraseology of Court flunkeys will rapidly disappear.

tion in the Commonwealth.—8t. Simon.

THE INTERNATIONAL, Official Organ of THE COMMUNIST PARTY (8.A. Section of the Communist International).

(Becretary-Editor,, W. H. Andrews.) Annual Subscription, 10/-; half-yearly, 5/-Party Offices:

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Back to the Unions.

The clections are over. The Chamber of Mines-Smuts combination has been informed by the electors that it is not the only possible Government in South Africa. The Pact has come into office. The chief plums of office have been distributed, and only a mild interest will be taken in the further allotment of the spoils of victory.

The S.A.L.P. Conference has decided institutions of capitalism. to allow two of its elected representatives to take office in the Cabinet, and Parliament will assemble during the month. The workers in both town and country who showed an almost unprecedented enthusiasm for the Pact are naturally looking forward with eagerness to the first session of the new Parliament.

effective as a means of collecting votes for the opposition that both Parties to the Pact were relieved of the necessity of sketching their own programmes in any detail or with anything like precision.

The electon has been lost and won on an anti-Smuts rather than a pro-Pact cry.

Nevertheless, there are tens of thousands of working-men and women, particularly among the poorest strata, who are hoping and believing that their distress and misery will receive in the near future some mitigation, even if it is not altogether removed. The unemployed and "relief" workers are particularly eager to see some results.

We have no doubt that most of the responsible Pact leaders will go to Parliament genuinely determined to try and improve the lot of the town and country workers, and believing that with the reins of Governmet in their hands their schemes of betterment can be carried through.

We credit them with good intentions; but the past record of the S.A.L.P. in particular does not conduce to an inflated optimism.

cision of last Sunday, that the S.A.L.P. Parliamentary Party would have been in a very much stronger position and could have fought very much more effectively for the toiling masses had it maintained a strict independence in the House of Assembly; but time will show the wisdom or unwisdom of the decision.

as it is, can only be effective in an election, and in the Union of South Africal side Parliament. so small a minority of the workers are enfranchised that even that power is very attenuated in comparison with Australia Britain, and elsewhere. To find a parallel for the position of the workingclass as a whole in South Africa we have to go to such countries as India, where also the franchise is strictly limited.

On the other hand the workers organised industrially can function at time they may think opportune. Pressure can be brought to bear on the Gevernment and in fact on all sections in Parliament on any matter affecting considerable sections, which if intelligently | directed can force the Legislature even against its will to pay attention and take such action as may be desired.

The need of the moment then is for a l big scrward campaign to recruit men for the unions. Since 1922 a great falling away in membership and fighting spirit has taken place, and the die-hards have been hard put to it to keep the machinery of some of the unions going. Their work has been made more difficult l by the wrecking and splitting tactics of a few disgruntled leaders and by the paid agents of the Chamber of Mines and like

Notwithstanding these difficulties, the unions have pulled themselves together, straightened out their affairs, financial and otherwise, and are now ready to embark on a forward campaign for the purpose of approaching the 100 per cent. ideal.

Those workers who are still standing aloof and expecting the fruit to drop into The cry of "Down with Smuts" was so their mouths simply because they put a they leave the matter there.

> behind the vote is the united and organ- | the capita ists and say: ised might of the workers who sent them to Parliament.

co-ordinating machinery between union livering the goods. and union, and inspiring the membership with a determined and militant spirit can any material benefit from the political turnover accrue to the workers. BACK TO THE UNIONS is the slogan for the day.

It is of course true that the organisation, personnel, and often the leadership of the workers' industrial organisations leaves much to be desired, but this canalocf. That the workers' organisations should be based on the mine, workshop, or other working place is true, but even committees and workers' councils.

The lines committees which are developing on the S.A. Railways are an indication that the idea has taken hold of some sections of the workers. should be extended to the mines, fac- few are not the less held to tend with all tories and workshops. Parliament has their efforts towards it. If faith is a In any case, the workers will have a been with some truth called a mere re- virtue, in any case it is so in politics better chance of getting some genuine gistering machine. It registers more or rather than religion, as having a power of concessions if they are organised. The less faithfully and with greater or less producing a belief in that which is at once political organisation of the workers, such rapidity in proportion to the pressure put a prophecy and a cause."-Shelley.

upon its members by the interests out-

Unfortunately, the interests hitherto dominant and which have received the readiest response from Parliament in the shape of legislation and from the executive in the shape of practical assistance, financial and military, are the great financial, commercial and mining interests. So much so that Parliament has been called the executive committee of the capitalist

Can the workers alter this and make Parliament the executive committee of the organised workers? Those who believe that it is possible have got to take steps to control it, and if it can be done at all the only possible method is by unceasing pressure on definite lines for quite concrete purposes by the workers' unions.

The political branches are useless for this purpose. Having selected candidates and financed and fought the elections, they become more or less moribund until the approach of the next election orgie.

The time for organised action on industrial lines has come.

In Britain the advent of Labour to power was the signal for a whole series of industrial battles. This is, of course, not looked upon with favour by the political section, nor in many cases by trade union officialdom, but these people are not put in positions of power and responsibility for their own benefit but for the good they are believed to be able to do the workers.

Their feelings and comfort need not, therefore, be considered; they are quite capable of looking after themselves. Every effort will be made to keep the workers quiet, to induce them to "wait date are doomed to disappointment if and see," to give the politicians a chance. A deaf ear should be turned to all these appeals. The monied interests Politicians, like most other people, are will not be slow nor modest in putting prone to take the line of least resistance | forward and enforcing their demands. Let and need to be constantly reminded that the workes take a leaf out of the book of

WE have put you into comfortable " positions in order that you shall attend The moral of all this is that only by to our needs, and we intend to make it resuming the struggle to increase the extremely unpleasant if you do not rapidly strength of the unions, to improve the make some shape in the direction of de-

> Therefore into the unions, formulate your demands, and back organised right by organised might, for only thus can we hope to see any better results from the new Government than we received from the old.

"It is less the character of the individual than the situation in which he is not be remedied by a policy of standing | placed which determines him to be honest. or dishonest; perhaps we ought to regard an honest seller of anything in the present state of human affairs as a kind of under present conditions the shop and Jesus Christ. The system of society as it We still consider, in spite of the de- | mine steward idea can be extended and | exists at present must be overthrown developed until we have genuine shop from the foundations with all its superstructure of maxims and of forms before we shall find anything but disappointment' in our intercourse with any but a few select spirits. This remedy does not seem It to be one of the easiest. But the generous

Fads and Fancies.

Their National Duty First.

CRESWELL DISCARDS THE MASK.

nesburg Town Hall last Monday, Colonel endured all the unspeakable tortures of placed him in the Legislative Assembly. Creswell, referring to the decision of the the Horthys, Denekins, Mussolinis, From that date he unceasingly sought to S.A.L.P. Conference to form a Coalition | Noskis and Scheidermanns in the firm Government with the Nationalists, said: | conviction that the "fads and fancies" of | "The decision of the Labour Party was a | Colonel Creswell were worth fighting, wise one, and one that showed that they | suffering and dying for. put their national duty before their fads and fancies. Their national duty was first."

holder of the capitalist system and its ex- | country. pression, the class State.

Not that there need be any surprise at this, for since the gallant colonel decided to support the capitalists in their world blood-bath his outlook has been quite obvious to the intelligent and section of the workers.

elated by his capture of a Ministerial big cities—and the rural districts are not position, he throws away the mask and exempt from these evils—the army of unrefers to the sacred/principles and ideals employed, the landless bywoner, the which the founders of the Labour Party | slaves of the relief works, the victims of | plete. set out to attain as "fads and fancies." | phthisis on the mines, the awful slaughter. The decision to enter the Cabinet, not-Even the renegade Social Democrats of by mining accidents, are we suppose withstanding the hopeless minority of two Germany, France and elsewhere still give | some of the "fancies" to which Creswell | Labour Ministers in a Cabinet of ten, comlip service to Socialism, and Ramsay alludes. MacDonald, Snowden and Co. think it wise to use Socialist phraseology. But working-class victims. Creswell is so contemptuous of the South African worker that he disdains even this sop to Cerberus. What are the fads and | One of the "fads" of the Party which fancies to which this opportunist slippantly alludes?

They have through many years of painful experiment and effort, of success and failure been evolved by the oppressed workers of the world as their guiding principles their Magna Charta. Some of the most brilliant intellects of the last hundred years have addressed themselves l to the problem of working-class organisation and the tactics necessary to emancipate them from their age-long slavery.

Marx, Engels, Lenin, De Leon, have mapped out the path the workers must travel on their toilsome way to freedom. Hundreds of noble men and women have -been guided by the profound insight into the meaning of history, the causes underlying the phenomena of capitalist society | doubt Creswell sneeringly referred to at which were left as a priceless legacy by his "victory" reception. This man, these investigators, thinkers and organ- whose political history began with a isers, and have been inspired to heroic quarrel with the mining interests and who in the next industrial upheaval. deeds in their attempts to translate the previously had only been known to the theories into actual facts.

Robert Owen and the Chartists are only names to this prancing Imperialist colonel. | manager, tried every possible means to) The Commune of Paris, and its bloody get himself launched on a political career suppression by Thiers and the French bourgeoisie leaves him cold. Such names as Tolstoi, Jaure, Liebknect, Luxembourg, three of whom were murdered by the Imperialists of their respective counciples and to the workers, have no mean- Failing to find any other home, he gress, Johannesburg Municipal Elections, tries for daring to be true to their prining for him. The German Spartacists, turned his attention to the Labour Party, Help for the German Striking Workers, the revolutionary workers of Italy, the Finnish revolutionaries, and the Russian Bolsheviks to this great "Labour" leader | ceeded in building up. are only hordes of assassins and common workmen who were deservedly shot, submitting to the Party discipline was sympathy—the rich and the poor.—Lord hanged, imprisoned and starved, literally, repugnant to the "gentleman" of the / Beaconsfield. in millions, by such men as he.

At the "victory" Social in the Johan- | Yet these masses of our fellow-workers

These "fads and fancies" are grounded beliefs that have not only been propounded by men whose boots Cres-If these words have any meaning they | well is not worthy to lick, but are supindicate clearly that Creswell has finally ported by the every-day occurrences in cast away the last vestige of pretence, society and confirmed by the daily experiand stands frankly as a supporter and up- ence of millions of toilers in every

They include the conviction that capitalist society is founded on theft and robbery, and is supported by thinly disguised chattel slavery in the Colonial countries, and by wage slavery sometimes honest even more devilish in its cold-blooded cruelty in Europe and America. The But now, having reached his goal, and slums, overcrowding, poverty, vice of all

so he has spent ten years of his life to stultify and corrupt was that it was desirable that there should be a working- l. class political party entirely free from all Labour traitors the world over. Under the other political parties, and that the guise of national patriotism and the objective towards which this workers' safety of the State the renegades of organisation should diffect all its efforts | Labour deserted their posts as the cham-I should be the socialisation of the whole | pions of the workers in all countries. of the means of life. As steps towards | Whilst mouthing the phrase, "the pubthis objective certain principles and lie welfare" and "the interests of the measures were detailed and set out in the community," the bloody deeds of Thiers, platform of the Party.

To safeguard these principles and the fundamental objective, certain checks were inserted, such as the rule forbidding any member of the Party to enter any placed the portfolios of Labour and De-Cabinet but that of a Labour Government. I

These are some of the "fads" which no workers through the strike of miners on the Village Main Reef, where he was before he entered the Labour Party. He was a Nationalist candidate in the Trans vaal elections, but failed to obtain a seat, and his erstwhile colleagues lest him in the lurch and joined up with Botha and which after years of pioneering work the etc. trade unionists and Socialists had suc-

Wire-pulling was carried on by himself and some of his friends right up to the time when the selection of candidates was imminent for the first Union elections. Seeing his chance of working-class support rapidly vanishing, Creswell swallowed the pledge with a gulp, no doubt making a mental reservation, and was given the Jeppestown constituency, which mould the Party to his will, at first with little success, but the outbreak of war, which saved Smuts from the political vengeance of the workers, gave Creswell his chance.

Taking advantage of the fever, he switched the Party round to the capitalist side. Having got rid of the opponents of his jingo policy, and climinated the hated trade union influence, it was a simple matter for him to take the next step, which was to modify the Consituation, making it more attractive to his middle-class friends.

attacked With their help he the fundamental principle of the Party, the Socialist objective, but only partially succeeded. Next he succeeded in. deleting the provision that the Party should maintain a strict independence, and shortly afterwards came the announcement of the Pact with the Nationalists.

The Rake's progress was almost com-

pletes the process, and now he feels They are, however, grim realities to the secure enough to turn round and sneer at the principles which he has ruthlessly Then the "fads" What are they! | eliminated as fads and fancies, and the 'followers of the emasculated Labour Party 'applaud this treason to the workers.

"Their national duty was first."

These are the words of Socialist and

'Ebert, Musselini, Hortley and the Russian counter-revolutionaries have been committed.

It is probably no accident that has fence in Creswell's hands, and it will be in accord with his past history and the logical result of his whole political career to find him as Minister of Defence I slaughtering the workers of South Africa

COMMUNIST PARTY.

JOHANNESBURG BRANCH.

There was a good attendance of members at the monthly Branch meeting last Wednesday, and a long agenda was gone through. Among the subjects discussed was co-operation with the Y.C.L. on In-Smuts in the Het Volk Government. | ternational Youth Day, The Party Con-

England is inhabited by two rations, The necessity of signing the pledge and | between whom there is no interest and no

Who said there was no class war?

A Mess of Potage.

Labour Sells Its Heritage.

"THEY BURIED HIM DARKLY AT DEAD OF NIGHT."

This seems to fittingly describe the under such leadership and with the policy illusions are shed, the hard knocks of the politicians who captured the S.A.L.P. machine on a wave of war fever in 1915 completed their work. Secretly, as if I ashamed of their base task, excluding not | peculiar to South Africa but is paralelled | material advantage being secured to the only the public and the Press, but even in Germany, France, Italy and elsewhere. workers by the new Government will the rank and file of their own members, Class conscious workers, those who re- drive them to attempt by direct indusdevelopment of the situation will reveal | future. how basely they have been betraved. Since 1915 the record of the S.A.I.P. under the domination of Colonel Creswell. and his carefully selected band of supporters has been one unbroken series of retreats, and one each occasion some plausible reason has of course been advanced why the considered Constitution of the Party should be broken.

This last and basest betrayal was not unexpected, as the progress of doping the membership and branches which has been carried on relentlessly and ceaselessly during the past week or so has shown a gradual weakening of the resistance of those who found it difficult to swallow this last and most bitter pill.

To gratify the personal ambitions of Creswell and a few others the whole of the work of the past twenty years appears to have been thrown away, and the netiresult is that Colonel Creswell has become Minister of Defence and Labour, Mr. Boydell holds the portfolio of Posts and other jobs have been distributed amongst the faithful henchmen.

irretrievably lost.

wilderness is a long one, and it is strewnwith blighted hopes, betrayals, illusions, hesitations and retreats, but the sum of prejudices. one's faith.

closed a page in its history.

The illusion of an independent Labour and docmed to futility. It refuses to enjoy the spoils of office for a period. and strength by the slow but peaceful never successfully stand up to and defeat method of casting votes and counting the capitalist power, which exploits all, heads until it becomes the governing force white and black alike. in the State has received a rude shock

ference is alleged to have stated bluntly that the workers will learn nothing from were to cross the floor of the House. that Labour as such had no possible the past nor profit by their own mis. The next twelve months may prove the

ceremony which took place last Sunday in | which has dominated the S.A.L.P. for | actual every-day experience do develop the Berkeley Rocms, Johannesburg when the past ten years this is probably quite new ideas, remove ancient projudices, and true. The decision to enter a bourgeois set in motion new and undreamed of Cabinet is but the logical outcome of the forces. abandonment of its essentially working- We are of opinion that within a very class character and is a phenomenon not short time the impossibility of any

the wire-pullers of the Party, hungry for ject the theory beloved of capitalist trial action to improve their economic office, place and pelf, dragconed fify-one apologists, that there is a community in position. out of the sixty-eight delegates to vote terest which rises superior to divisions of Even with a Labour Government in for the final extinction of the S.A.L.P. class, will merely glance at the miserable Britain the workers, driven to desperation as an independent working-class organisa- and disgraceful past ten years of the his- by grinding poverty, revolted immediatetion, and Mesers. Creswell and Boydell tory of the S.A.L.P. and use its failure by the election fever had subsided. Sabotemerged from the "Conference" fully as a guide to future activities. What of aged by their own executives and paid offifledged Ministers of His Majesty King the future? This is the question for cials in many cases with all the influence George. The full significance of the shame- MEN. Not repining over what might have of the Labour Government brought to ful work is not yet realised by the major. been but profiting by the lessons of the bear in order to induce them to resume ity of the workers, and only the further past to avoid the same mistakes in the their slavery, they fought on. In some

> functioning in South Africa industrially ing a compromise, and only two often the and politically can be built up we are men who ought to have led them and convinced, nay history and the march of backed them in their heroic resistance to events demands that it SHALL, it MUST oppression were able to divide, confuse, be brought into existence.

> South Africa are as in all countries workers, proletarians. They have been Nevertheless the strike movement clearkept apart by the diversity of their ly indicated that the spirit of the mass of origin and culture, which diversity has the toilers is not yet broken, and that been fostered by the calculated policy of many among them are convinced that the master class to divide and rule. The Parliament is not the machine through workers of Dutch and British origin have which their emancipation will be effected. through standing together in industrial Here in South Africa thousands of the strife shed a good deal of their mutual Poorest workers still believe that with the suspicion and are now capable of co-downfall of Smuts and the advent of a operating in both the industrial and Nationalist-Labour Government their political sphere.

They still, however, cling to the ideal

Telegraphs and Public Works, and a few ing number of poor whites, as they are organise industrially and politically contemptuously called by the capitalist merely to obtain some temporary and politicians, many thousands of whom are fleeting advantage but to take and hold Yet it would be overstating the case living at a level of subsistence much lower by means of their organised might the to say that the self-sacrificing efforts of | than thousands of blacks, it is still poshundreds and perhaps thousands of ob- sible to fool them into the belief that not duction, and run it in the interest of the cure workers in the Labour movement capitalism and landlordism but the Kaffir workers and the workers alone. have been totally thrown away, as it is is their enemy. Before the capitalist probably true that no effort is finally and system can be successfully challenged this prejudice must be broken down. The The journey of the workers through the next stage in the class education of the A Nationalist Invitation. worker, both black and white, is to remove these ancient and capitalist fostered

all the suffering and disillusionment must | A Labour Party which is anti-native in | be progress, although there are times like its outlook, which refuses to recognise

The despairing wail that Labour canand probably has been dispelled for ever. I not hope to be in power for fifty years or chance of securing a clear majority over takes. Slowly and sometimes imper truth of the adage, "Don't lose the sub-

cases they secured their demands, in That a working-class organisation others they were engineered into accept. and dishearten the starving strikers and The vast majority of the inhabitants of their exploiters.

position will be immediately and materially improved. When they discover their that they are the dominant and governing they will not, as is too often the case, clamour for the return of the old tyrants, Notwithstanding the large and increas- but will make the necessary advance and means of life. all the machinery of pro-

COME, S.A.P. BROTHERS!

The repeated appeals of "Ons Vaderthe present when it is difficult to retain that the non-European workers are part land," the Pretoria Nationalist organ, to of the working-class which frowns on any the Africanders on the S.A.P. side to The position of Labour to-day in South attempt on their part to organise and join the triumphant Nationalists must Africa is that it has finally and definitely raise themselves economically and cul-send cold shivers down the backs of the turally is ham-strung from the outset Labour Ministers and others who hope to

> That there can be but one meaning attached to these appeals is quite clear.

The more rabid Nationalists want a purely Dutch Ministry, and would give short shrift to the Labour interlopers if a One of the delegates at Sunday's Con- more is only justified on the assumption sufficient number of S.A.P. Africanders

all other Parties for fifty years, and ceptibly, however, progress is made, stance whilst grasping at the shadow."

Testimony from the Enemy.

Capitalist Papers Applauds Soviet Government.

prints a two column article from its important, consequence was the tremenspecial correspondent in Moscow. As there is no more convincing evidence in favour of a case or policy than that obtained from opponents, it is interesting to note what no chosen leader could have aroused a Packet Company, the Canadian Pacific the very conservative English Sunday paper has to say of Russia.

cow, correspondent the "Observer," "I should inclined to dwell chiefly on two points other, on the striking evidence of consolidation. I saw quite clearly that the relative position of groups and classes rather than their fundamental qualities has been changed by this process. But I soon became convinced that this change of position is so tremendous that it may be said to be creating a new Russia.

"Russia of to-day in fact strikes the visitor as a country which is equally remarkable for the innovations it is making | Soviet Government owed its existence to in politics and economics, and for its steady adherence to old national and cultural quatities. This adherence to tradition is, in itself, paradoxical as the statement may appear, rather a feature of new l Russia. Before the revolution it seemed natural and inevitable to reject history and tradition as abhorrent and reactionary. But now, seen in perspective, history appears to the average Russian in a sign Government a sense of security and new and attractive light, and tradition authority, I would not ignore the fact becomes a welcome bridge between the that other, and probably more important, evils of the past and the promise of the circumstances contributed to bring about future. It is this intermixture of old this result. Foremost among these was and new, of traditional and revolutionary the undoubted success made by the counelements, which is responsible for the growing tendency among Russian politi- cial stabilisation. cians to abandon simple solutions.

Lenin's Death Closes the Ranks.

ing on in Russia to-day it is also neces should not blind one to the fact that, future, and not to be preoccupied with sary to abandon simple explanations. A compared with what they were before the the troubles of to-day. Relations have striking example of the futility of the war, Russian economics are still very become more complex; but, at the same simple explanation was recently furnished primitive and rudimentary. . . But time, they can be more or less foreseen by the death of Lenin.

revolution and for the Soviet Government Russia since the termination of the civil ness and over-excitement which was due that in the West it was generally believed war and the promulgation of the New to the unstable position of the political that his disappearance must involve the Economic Policy, we discover a real im- and economic situation. The fear of speedy and complete termination of the provement. The same 'tendency to im- | famine or of political cataclysm is be-Bolshevik dominion. His colleagues were provement is to be seen in the higher pro- ginning to disappear. The militant and expected, if not to destroy themselves in a ductivity of labour: Russian workmen are revolutionary psychology tends also graduquarrel for his inheritance, at least to now missing fewer days in the year and ally to become obsolescent. The sense of prove utterly incompetent to run the are working harder and with better realities is slowly reappearing, and the machine of Government without him. In- results. deed, the acrimonious disputes in the party which arose in the last months of his life were proclaimed the beginning of "When I arrived in Moscow a few weeks the eventual dissolution of the regime ago, after an absence of eighteen months, When in the full flood of this party con! I seemed to have come into quite a new troversy the news of Lenin's death sudden- atmosphere. Not only was I struck with ly burst upon the world every one, at the sight of houses, whitewashed and redownfall of the Soviet system was im- good order, but with the enormous inminent.

pened. The first and most immediate tram service was practically running as in effect of the death of Lenin was to close pre-war time. The general impression I completely the controversy in the Bolshe-derived was that people are settling down.

The "Sunday Observer" of May 25th | vik ranks. The next, and by far the most dous impression it created in the country. The overwhelming sense of loss which the model offices occupied by British and Can-Russian people so openly demonstrated came as a revelation. No crowned king, more popular and immediate outburst of Line—to mention only the more imporaffection.

arose around Lenin's grave came as a ent, but their managers are confident that of welcome sign of an actual bond between a rush of emigrants is bound to come, their leader and the people. The tribute and they are making preparations accordpaid to Lenin's memory seemed to have ingly. -on the one hand, on the complexity of all the effect of a sanction of his life-work the conditions now prevailing, and, on the and of the new regime. It was a kind of general revival is the prevalence of new post-mortem vote of confidence. Lenin's and aggressive shop signs. With all this death indeed, strengthened their own sense of the legitimacy of their position and actually consolidated their authority as a Government.

> shevik leaders derived from Lenin's apo- But even this overcrowding contributes to theosis was their recognition as the Gov- the impression of hustle which one gets ernment by the majority of the Russian everywhere in Moscow. people. Three years ago the Russian the fact that no alternative government was possible. The situation which has arisen in Russia to-day is one in which no alternative Government is looked for.

Economic Progress.

"But, while recognising that the acclamation of Lenin as a popular hero was one of the decisive factors in giving the Rustry in economic reconstruction and finan-

"In order to avoid any misunderstandling, I think it only fair to state, without equivocation, that the progress made, "But in order to understand what is go- considerable and premising though it is, when we leave comparison with pre-war | and taken into account. The public and "Lenin stood so pre-eminently for the figures and compare the progress made in the authorities have lost that nervous-

Banks and Shipping Companies.

crease of traffic, both light and heavy. "Yet it was the unexpected that hap- There were many new tram-cars, and the

They are improving their flats and houses. They are buying clothes and furniture and wallpaper.

"The big banks, with their enormous facades and their gold-glass signs in Russian, French, German and English are another sign of the new spirit of enterprise. The cosmopolitan character of the city is further accentuated by the huge adian shipping companies—the Cunard Line, the White Star Line, the Royal Mail tant. Obviously, little business is being "If I were asked to sum up my impres- | "To the Bolsheviks the scenes which done by these big organisations at pres-

> "Another remarkable example of the activity, however, the housing problem has not yet been solved. The city is dreadfully overcrowded. The old buildings destroyed or burned have still to be re-"The substantial benefit which the Bol- paired and new houses are badly needed.

The New Contours.

"I could easily add to the details J. have already enumerated; but perhaps I can give more real information by summarising my impressions of the changed aspect of life in Russia of 1924. The oldidea one used to get of Revolutionary Russia was that of a state amorphous, with unlimited possibilities, which, however, could only be developed in the distant future. To-day one can see clearly the unmistakable contours of the new State. 'Development in Russia,' said a foreign observer to me, 'has now become organic. The muscles are not all working or even properly developed, while the organism is still feverish. But the skeleton of the new State is clearly apparent. ' and the body is beginning to function.'

"There is, indeed, a certain stability and confidence in the Russia of 1924. People seem to be making plans for the people are commencing to adapt themselves to their new environment.

"In the West people continue to think that the Soviet regime is still an alien body which is tolerated by the Russian people because they cannot escape from its power. But in Russia the new regime is, after all, the existing fact of life. It least outside Russia, thought that the paired, and of pavements relaid and in is in this new environment that the people have been living and moving and associating with one another for years. They may not realise how essentially they themselves have become a part of it; but the fact remains that the Soviet Government is becoming almost traditional."

FEEDING THE FIVE THOUSAND?

"Tis done, the great transaction's Thomas has avowedly sunk his "scap-box done," as the old soul-saving hymn said. Not only has the Pact beaten Smuts (which was all we immediately cared about) hut it has appropriated the spoils of victory, and all the officers have been nosing around like Town Councillors for their share of the swag. (It always was the officers, not the rank and file, that got the best of the war loot). They sav it was quite remarkable at last Sunday's Labour Party Conference how very mild and gentle after all was most (if not all) cf the opposition to the Cabinet proposal, as though each delegate said to himself: "If I am too violent, I shall put up the backs of Creswell and Boydell, who will I "control the patronage, and will leave me out in the cold."

And so they plumped for loaves and fishes—first for the chiefs (who, to be sure, bad been the principal propagandists in the Cause), then for selected satellites, and then—a fat lot the five thousand, not to say the five hundred thousand, or thou' of their screw to Party funds (what | they are, they all depend directly or infinancial embarrasments, and wake up daily to ham and eggs for breakfast; while the captains and the lieutenants | and the favourites will be suitably 'recognised" with secretaryships or inspectorships and other appropriate billets, in the traditional style, as already practised by Labour too in the Johannesburg Town Council. Cabinets or forests, it's all the same.

But what about Smith, and Van der Merwe, and Sixpence? What are they going to get out of the miracle? Twelve basketfuls of bombs again from the Minister of Labour and Defence (with headquarters at the Rand Club still) if they | The Pact was a necessary stage. strike too violently, as one of the capital- | haps the Coalitien is necessary too. ist papers infers from that combined both are only stages in the unmasking of office. "Law and order" maintained, by those last strongholds of capitalist power, the denouncers of former loranorderites | the Yellow Labour Parties, leading to cause of "the nation," just as J. H. destiny." Speed the day

propaganda" of earlier days in favour of the great cause of the Hempiah? Cheaper cablegrams for Reuter and the Stock Ex- affecting the young workers of South change, perhaps, from our comrade of the Africa were discussed, and the meeting Posts and Telegraphs! In the name of | had to be extended to Monday evening to common sense, what do all those devoted | dispose of the business. men and women who worked so hard or voted so "straight" in the Election expect to get out of it?

Look at the Labour and Socialist Governments in Europe, and ask whether one l of them has even anitigated the rigours of capitalism or brought the working-class a. single step nearer emancipation! German Ebert, Social-Democracy with snob butcher Noske. Herriot who is already emulating Poincare in his treatment of starved Germany; Italy under a tyrant "Socialist" who has also shed his "fads and fancies"; MacDonald and Co., whose principal achievement has been to salaam the King, boost the Empire, threaten the subject races and shadow Communist meetings—and no promise or hope of better? And note that none of group. By all means take this chance, as in England, to strike. But the one country in the world where the condition of the masses is definitely and continuously on the up-grade is the country which has given short shrift to its Imperialists, its Nationalists and its (Menshevik) "Labourites" alike, for good and all. It will not be long now before the masses of the rest of the world will be compelled to recognise the contrast between their retrogression in "their own countries" and I their fellow-workers' amazing progress in Russia, and will act accordingly. why wait so long to be disillusioned?

Workers or Petite Bourgeoisie.

interested but not convinced by your article on my letter of last week. My by the avaricious blunders of the S.A.L.P. point was not why the representatives drawn from Trades Union channels have been a failure but that they HAVE been intellectually and morally municipally, provincially and nationally, at least as f far as South Africa is concerned; the of Defence" will show he is a soldier first reason being to my mind that immediately l they are elected to positions on public much after), nor for Slim Jannie to make bodies ther cease to be responsible to their Trade Union and outside their Union's control and "responsible" to the general public who elects them, which like a limited company has neither a body | secretaryships sticking out. The unem- | Edendale, to kick nor a soul to save. Since writing | ployed are sure to be disappointed, and you last, events, or rather an event, has the employed will find their position very happened of momentous consequence to the working-class. The Labour Party has | Mail' playing up for Government supceased to exist, and in its place we have port, leaving the "Star" to enjoy now a "Creswell-Boydell Party." The patronage of the Chamber of Mines. hour of their victory will no doubt prove Jannie promised us at Ladysmith if the the hour of their defeat, provided the

Dear Comrade Editor, -- I was much Communist Party can adjust itself to the new conditions and profit (hateful word) misleaders. A first essential is a strong educational propaganda along the Reef, and if pessible throughout South Africa, an increase in number of "International" sales and other Socialist literature. will not be long before the new "Minister and a "Labour" representative after (very | present institutions of individual prosperthe "Creswell-Boydell Party" declare itself permanently part of the Nationalist Party or vote for its defeat, which is unthinkable with portfolios and underlittle if any improved; with the 'Daily

(Continued on next column.)

Young Communist Notes.

The Y.C.L. of the Witwatersrand held a Conference at No. 4, Trades Hall, on Sunday last, at which there was a large attendance. Many matters of policy

Lest We Forget.

THE 1913 VICTIMS.

On this Sunday, July 6th, a memorial meeting will be held at the graves of the. strike victims of 1913. Assemble at the Trades Hall at 3.30 p.m. Meeting in Braamfontein Cemetery at 4.30 p.m. All class conscious workers are urged to attend and pay their respects to the marturs to capitalism.

Deaths.

We regret to announce the death of an old fighter in the advanced Labour movement. Comrade Tommy Shorter fell five million, will get out of it! Creswell | these "Labour" Governments really rest | from a headgear, on June 30th, on the and Boydell, even if they give away a cool on Labour alone: being of the character | West Rand Consolidated Mines, whilst working as a timberman, and was killed. a hope!) will still sleep free at last from | directly on Coalition with some capitalist | He was buried at Krugersdorp Cemetery on the following day. His remains were followed to their last resting place by many of his old comrades and fellowworkers, and Comrade W. H. Androws made the funeral oration over the grave. The sympathy of all Communists and Labourites goes out to the widow and two children.

Also that Comrade A. Goldstein, who has long been associated with the Communist Party, passed away suddenly on June 15th, his death, unfortunately, not being notified to the office in time to But allow of Comrades being present at his funeral.

Nationalist Party gets into power, we would see the biggest row we have ever egen, Jannie will see to that. The local and provincial section of the S.A L.P. with extra severity to show that "Labour" | their overthrow and the setting of the | will fall to pieces of its own corruption. can "rule" with the best! Jettison of stage for Communism. These Cabinet Now is the time to prepare for a real Party "fads and fancies" in the great "jobs," too, are but "instruments of Workers' Party, scoring as all Parties do off the blunders of their enemies.. To quote from Kropotkins' "Fields, Factories and Workshops": "The present industrial system, based upon a permanent specialisation of functions already bears in itself the germs of its proper ruin. The industrial crisis, which grows more acute and protracted, and are rendered still worse and still more acute by the armaments and wars implied by the presont system, are rendering its maintenance more and more difficult. Moreover, the workers plainly manifest their intention to support no longer patiently the misery occasioned by each crisis. And each crisis accelerates the day when the ity and production will be shaken to their foundations, with such internal struggles as will depend upon the more or less good sense of the now privileged classes." J. P. ANDERSON.

July 1st, 1924.

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